

GOLD PRODUCTION IN SHANDONG, CHINA

TSX-V: MJS www.majesticgold.com



CONTENTS

- 1 DISCLAIMER
- 2 COMPANY PROFILE
- 3 SONGJIAGOU PROJECT
- WESTERN AUSTRALIA EXPLORATION PROJECT
- 5 SONGJIAGOU GOLD MINE PHOTO GALLERY

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The information on this presentation includes certain "Forward-Looking Statements" within the meaning of securities exchange regulation. Forward-looking statements are made to provide information about management's current expectations and plans. Forward-looking statements are generally identifiable by, but are not limited to, the use of the words "may", "will", "should", "continue", "expect", "anticipate", "estimate", "believe", "targeting", "intend", "guidance", "outlook", "potential", "strategy" or "project" Forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon a number of estimates and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by management, are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies. All statements regarding potential mineralization and resources, exploration results, and future plans and objectives of Majestic Gold Corp. (the "Company") are Forward-Looking Statements that involve various risks and uncertainties. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate and actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on statements containing forward looking information. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the Company's expectations are disclosed in Company documents filed from time to time with the securities regulatory authorities on sedar.com. Except as required under applicable securities legislation, the Company does not intend, and does not assume any obligation, to update this forward-looking information. The TSX Venture Exchange has not reviewed the information on this presentation and does not accept responsibility for the adequacy or accuracy of it.

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NI 43-101 Disclosure: Stephen Kenwood, P.Geo., is a Qualified Person under NI 43-101, and has reviewed and approved the technical information herein. This presentation refers to a preliminary economic assessment ("PEA") entitled "Independent Technical Report of Songjiagou Gold Project, Shandong Province, the People's Republic of China", prepared by SRK Consulting (China) Ltd. dated July 31, 2013 and amended on January 19, 2016. The Songjiagou resource estimate was carried out using industry-standard procedures and a geological interpretation of the deposit that, to the extent possible, reflected observations of grade distributions. Modeling of the deposit is uncertain; therefore, the geological model may overstate the distribution of high-grade gold values. If future mining demonstrates that this is in fact the case, then the model may overstate anticipated gold grades. Because the probability of this outcome is unknown, the level of uncertainty must also be unknown. The PEA includes indicated and inferred mineral resources. Inferred resources are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not demonstrate economic viability. There is no certainty that the results of the PEA will ever be realized.

Production Disclaimer: The Company's production decision was not based on a feasibility study of mineral reserves demonstrating economic and technical viability. The Company's production decision was made based on the open pit optimization resource model set out in the PEA which takes into account the relatively low mining costs negotiated by the Company. The pit optimization generated in the PEA used a cut-off grade of 0.30 grams per tonne gold. The strategic planning uses Lerchs Grossman pit shells, resulting in SRK identifying the "potential minable" resources within the proposed preliminary production schedule.

The optimization was based on a gold price of US\$1,355 per ounce and exchange rates of \$1.000 (U.S.) to 6.2834 RMB and \$1.000 (CAD) to 6.2789 RMB.





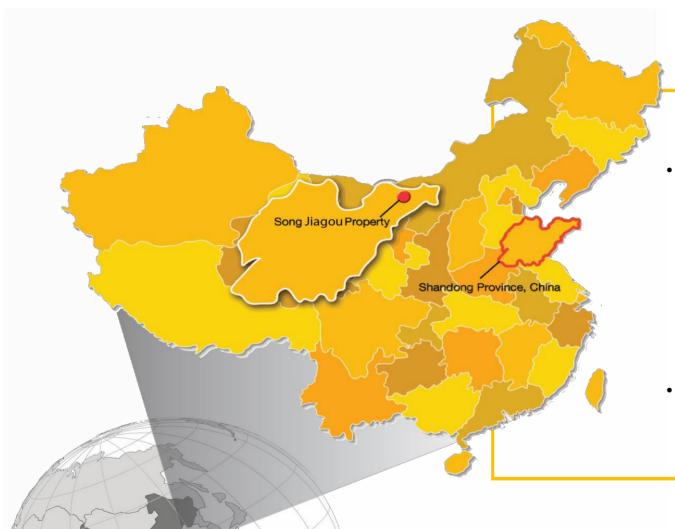
COMPANY PROFILE

- SJG Project
- SJG Development History
- Capital Structure

- SJG Mining Licenses
- Team Introduction

Company Profile- Songjiagou Project

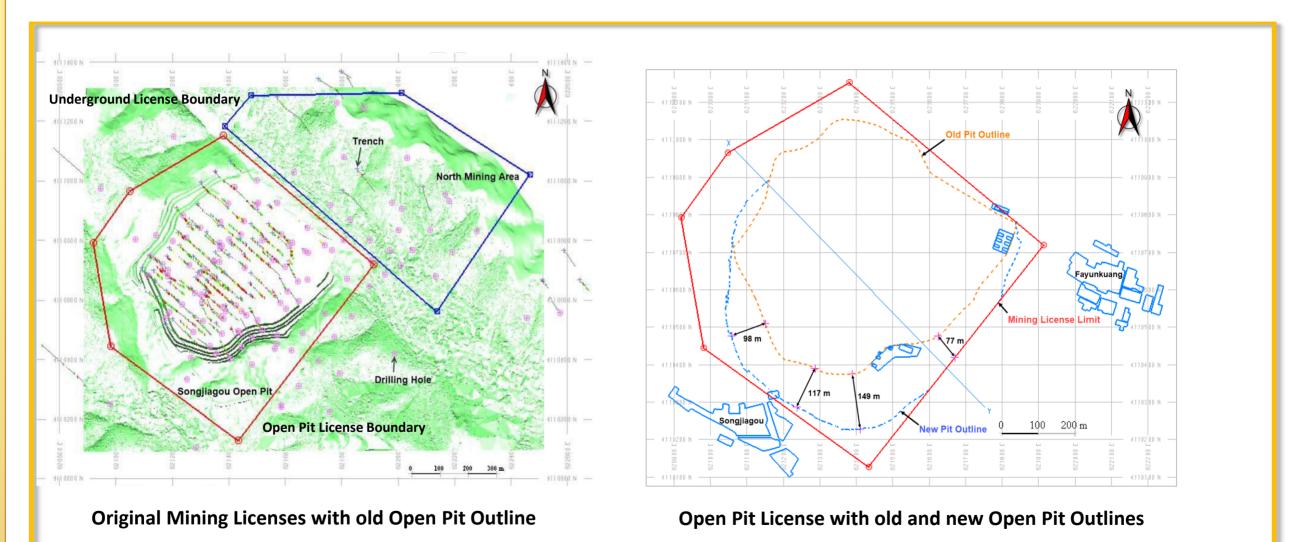




- Majestic's Songjiagou Gold Mine ("Songjiagou" and "SJG") is located in Muping County on the Jiaodong Peninsula, Shandong Province
 - Shandong is the historic heartland of China's gold mining industry
 - Shandong produces 25% of China's annual gold production
- Majestic Gold holds 75% (70.5% net) interest in Chinese JV Co.

Company Profile- Songjiagou Mining Licenses





Company Profile-Songjiagou Development History



2004 - Present

- Signed JV contract with Muping Gold Mine in 2004
- Obtained approval from MOC in February 2005, Majestic holds 60% of JV Co.
- Revised original ownership from 60% to 75% (70.5% net) in 2010
- Wardrop completed NI 43-101 Preliminary Economic Assessment ("PEA") in 2011
- Invested ~US\$70M for the processing plant and facilities from August 2010 to May 2011
- 6,000 tpd mill commissioned May 2011
- Gov't approval of Mining License expansion from 0.342 km² to 0.594 km² in August 2015



2011 – Original Pit Development

Company Profile-Songjiagou Development History



2004 - Present

- 43-101 PEA revised by SRK Consulting (China) Ltd. ("SRK") amended January 2016
- Mine-site technical team bolstered by former staff from SRK in 2015, instituted grade control, pit optimization, and production of short term mining plans since late 2016
- Granted a 0.414 km² underground Mining License at Songjiagou North Underground in February 2016;
- Commenced full production at Songjiagou North Underground in September 2019
- Open pit mining permit renewed until May 17, 2031
- Underground mining permit renewed until February 18, 2031
- Open pit expansion commenced in fiscal 2022 Q2, under the new mining permit, expanding surface area of pit from 0.34 sq kms to 0.46 sq kms



Current Pit

Company Profile-Team Introduction

STEPHEN KENWOOD, P.GEO - President & CEO, Director

 Mr. Kenwood is a Professional Geoscientist with over 20 years experience working in Canada, United States, Panama, Mexico, Peru, Chile, and China. He has experience in advanced exploration projects and has extensive experience in public company administration and management.

JAMES MACKIE, CPA CGA - CFO and Corporate Secretary

 Mr. Mackie is a member of the Association of the Certified General Accountants of British Columbia and Canada. Mr. Mackie has 20 years of corporate experience in financial management and administration, including corporate governance, government and securities compliance. He has served as CFO for a number of mining exploration companies listed on the TSX and the TSX Venture Exchange.

RICHARD SHAO, PhD Metallurgy – Agent for China

As a former acting Department Head (Mineral Processing) at the Chinese University of
Mining and Technology, Mr. Shao has numerous years of experience as both an advisor
and a consultant for mineral processing and evaluation companies.

JOHN CAMPBELL - Lead Director

 Mr. Campbell holds a law degree from the University of British Columbia (1960), and practiced law full time from 1970 to 1985, specializing in resource and securities law. Mr. Campbell has managed a number of operations in Canada and has many years of experience structuring and managing private and public companies involved in exploration and development in many parts of the world.

SHOU WU (Grant) CHEN - Director

Mr. Grant Chen graduated from Jilin University with a B.SC. (Geology) in 1985
and an M.Sc. (Geology) in 1988. He obtained an MBA from the University of
Western Ontario in 2003. Mr. Chen has over 10 years experience in precious
metals as a geologist in China and has worked extensively as a banker and
analyst throughout China. Currently Mr. Chen is a director of Fortune Minerals
Limited ("FML").

Company Profile-Capital Structure

Capital Structure

November 2022

Toronto Stock Exchange TSX-V. MJS

Recent Share Price CAD\$ 0.095 52-week low-high CAD\$ 0.045-0.11

Frankfurt Stock Exchange FSE. MJT

Recent Share Price €0.061

52-week low-high €0.026-0.088

Share Issued: 1,042,664,381

Fully Diluted: 1,042,664,381

Market Cap.: CAD\$ 99.1M

Cash Position*: US\$ 51.5M

(*as of September 30, 2022)



03 PART

SONGJIAGOU PROJECT

- Resource and Economics Analysis
- Five YearPerformance Data
- Mine Plan

- Preliminary Economic Assessment
- Geology of Project Area
- Summary

Songjiagou Project-Resource and Economics Analysis



SRK's updated resource calculation completed in August 2013, based on a database of 20,836 samples from:

46 surface trenches

77 surface drill holes

underground samples (channel samples and drill holes)

NI 43-101 Compliant Resource Estimate within Optimized Open Pit (January 2013) Grade Au (g/t) Category **Tonnes Ounces Au** Open Pit (cut-off 0.30 g/t Au) 26,600,000 1.40 1,197,427 Indicated Inferred 23,400,000 1.45 1,090,996 Underground (cut-off 0.80 g/t Au) Inferred 5,600,000 2.56 460,964

The resource estimate is categorized as Indicated and Inferred as defined by the CIM guidelines for resource reporting. Mineral resources do not demonstrate economic viability, and there is no certainty that these mineral resources will be converted into mineable reserves once economic considerations are applied. The Indicated and Inferred mineral resource estimate has been prepared in compliance with the standards of NI 43 – 101 by Anshun Xu, Ph.D., F AussIMM.

Songjiagou Project-Preliminary Economic Analysis



- Completed by SRK in August 2013, amended in January 2016
- Base Case NPV's based on SRK's 2013 In-Pit Indicated Resource only, within the original Mining License, containing 747,519 ozs Au @ 1.36 g/t Au
 - After-tax project NPV of US\$335M at a 10% discount, based on gold price of US\$1,355/oz
 - Sensitivity analysis for 20% reduction in the base-case average gold price, to US\$1,084/oz, results in an after-tax NPV of US\$232M
- Costs to date at Songjiagou estimated at US\$70.95M
 - Exploration, Engineering, and Permitting: US\$1.1M
 - Mining and Mill Facilities: US\$29.6M
 - Tailings Facility/Water System: US\$13.02M
 - Land Lease, Purchase, Permits, and Licenses: US\$19.34M
 - Village Relocation Program: US\$7.89M



*The Company's production decision was not based on a feasibility study of mineral reserves demonstrating economic and technical viability. The Company's production decision was based on the open pit optimization resource model set out in the Preliminary Economic Assessment ("PEA"), which takes into account the relatively low mining costs negotiated by the Company. The PEA is preliminary in nature, and includes inferred mineral resources that are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves, and there is no certainty that the preliminary economic assessment will be realized. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability.

Songjiagou Project-Preliminary Economic Analysis*



| | | Indicated (M tonnes) | Inferred (M tonnes) | Underground (M tonnes) | Gold Total (tonnes) | Gold Ozs (million) | Base Case Net NPV, (million) US\$@10% \$1,355/oz | At \$1,084/oz |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|------------------|
| | Total Resources | 26.6 @ 1.40 g/t | 23.4 @ 1.45 g/t | 5.6 @ 2.56 g/t | 85.51 | 2.75 | - | - |
| Case 1 ⁽¹⁾ | Indicated only | 17.09 @ 1.36 g/t | | | 23.25 | 0.748 | 335 | 232 |
| Case 2 ⁽²⁾ | All resources | 19.08 @ 1.32 g/t | 13.60 @ 1.37 g/t | | 43.83 | 1.41 | 547 | 380 |
| Case 3 ⁽³⁾ | All resources | 26.28 @ 1.35 g/t | 22.93 @ 1.40 g/t | | 67.58 | 2.17 | 742 | 515 |

- 1. From SRK PEA Technical Report Page 14, January 2016
- 2. No village relocation
- 3. Including village relocation

^{*}The Company's production decision was not based on a feasibility study of mineral reserves demonstrating economic and technical viability. The Company's production decision was based on the open pit optimization resource model set out in the Preliminary Economic Assessment ("PEA"), which takes into account the relatively low mining costs negotiated by the Company. The PEA is preliminary in nature, and includes inferred mineral resources that are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves, and there is no certainty that the preliminary economic assessment will be realized. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability.

Five Year Performance Data



\$16,397,866

\$10,896,724

| Operational Data | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Year End | 2018 | 2019 * | 2020 | 2021 | 2022* * |
| | | (15-month period) | | | |
| Tonnes mined | 1,420,620 | 1,834,862 | 1,589,128 | 970,665 | 1,474,048 |
| Tonnes milled | 1,471,565 | 1,643,399 | 1,590,129 | 1,023,825 | 1,494,696 |
| Head grade (Au g/t) | 0.64 | 0.69 | 0.70 | 0.62 | 0.64 |
| Mill recovery | 96% | 96% | 96% | 95% | 96% |
| Gold produced (ozs) | 29,160 | 35,099 | 34,236 | 19,955 | 29,717 |
| Gold, net (ozs) | 26,645 | 32,179 | 31,875 | 18,549 | 27,230 |
| Financial Data | | | | | |
| Total Revenue | \$33,462,929 | \$40,373,301 | \$52,363,436 | \$38,445,273 | \$49,168,207 |
| Gross Profit | \$13,780,541 | \$12,406,586 | \$28,184,067 | \$21,714,245 | \$26,904,561 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$14,491,665 | \$15,816,519 | \$29,811,456 | \$17,280,458 | \$28,329,305 |

\$4,265,482

\$2,365,181

\$15,062,301

\$9,430,192

\$7,717,662

\$4,508,586

Net Income

Net income attributable to shareholder

\$11,921,694

\$7,954,447

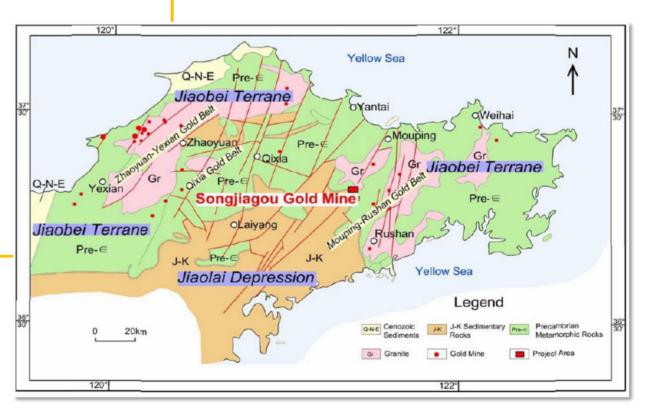
^{*} Data for fiscal year 2019 is for a fifteen-month period ended December 31, 2019.

^{* *} Fiscal 2022 year-to-date data is for a nine-month period ended September 30, 2022.

Songjiagou Project-Geology of Project Area



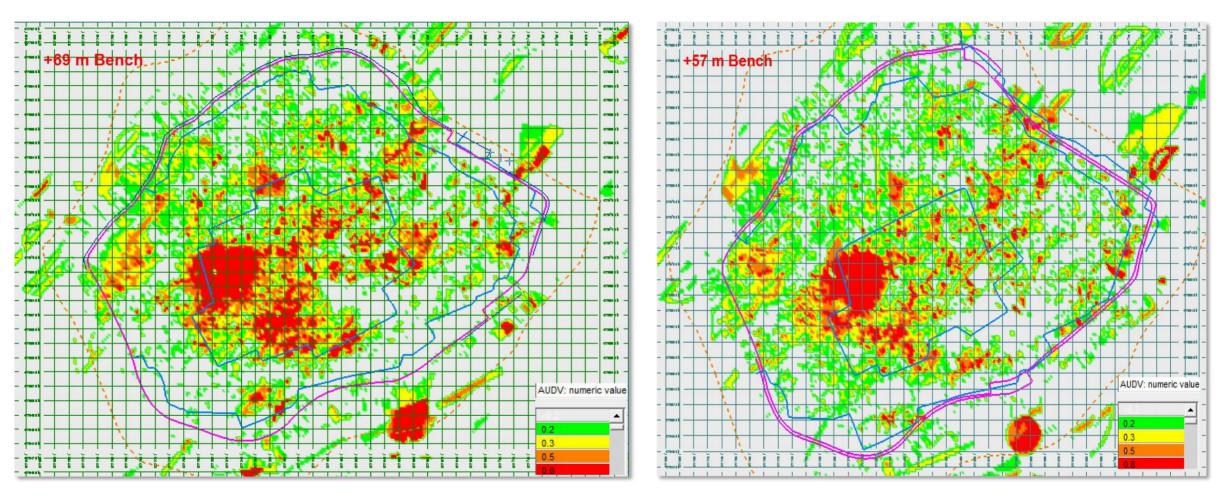
- Songjiagou is a mesothermal deposit hosted in a conglomerate in the Laiyang Group Linsishan formation
- Mineralization occurs in thin veins, disseminations, and in stockworks, visually indistinguishable from wall rocks
- Modeling indicates higher grade blocks of mineralization occur deeper than current ultimate pit depth
- Potential at depth as well as laterally, within current license boundaries



Songjiagou Project-Grade Distribution Plots

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• Block modeling used for bench planning

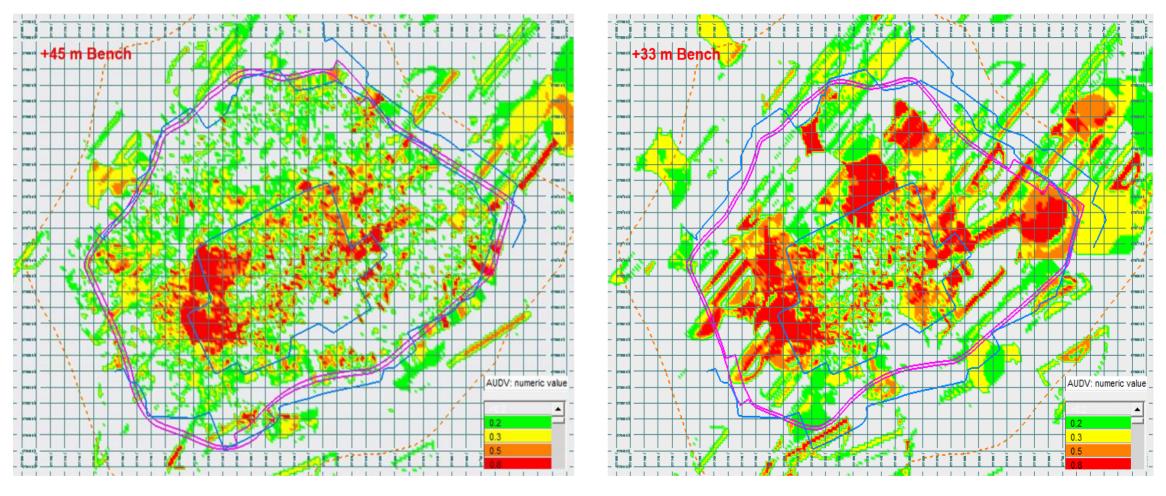


+69 m Bench gold grade distribution

+ 57 m Bench gold grade distribution

Songjiagou Project-Grade Distribution Plots



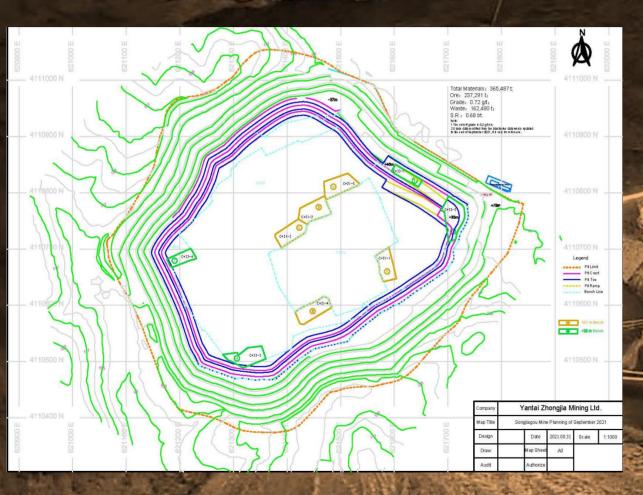


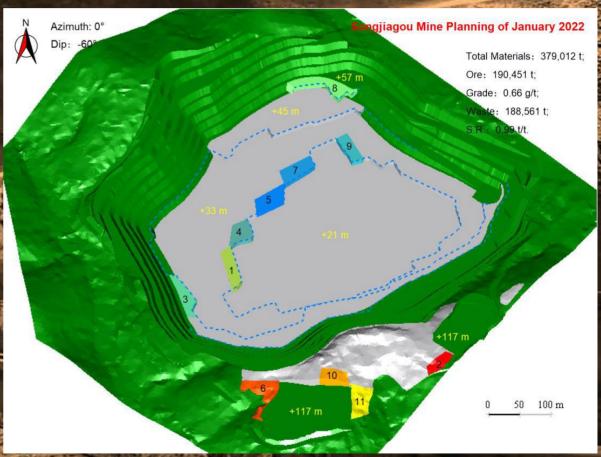
+45 m Bench gold grade distribution

+ 33 m Bench gold grade distribution

Songjiagou Project-Open Pit Mine Plan (January 2022)







Songjiagou Project- Underground Mining Area



Songjiagou North Underground

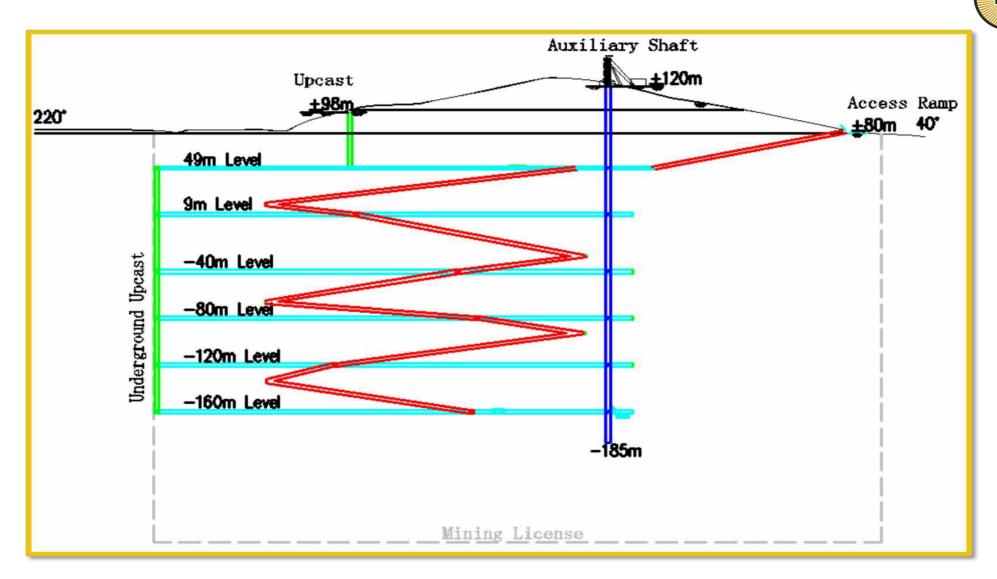
- Separate 0.414 sq km mining license adjacent to Songjiagou open pit
- 14 mineralized vein structures on trend with main Songjiagou mine geology
- Non-NI 43-101 resource of 120,000 ozs of gold grading 2.4 g/t, from a report by Brigade No.3 in 2013*
- Access via a 2,075 m ramp, six levels to be developed off ramp
- Production commenced beginning of Fiscal 2019. Currently mining the upper 3 levels at an average of 275 tpd

*The Company advises that those mineral resource estimates are not supported by a compliant NI 43-101 technical report, and further advises that the estimates should not be relied on until they have been verified by a Qualified Person and supported by a compliant technical report.





Songjiagou Project- Underground Mining Area



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Longitudinal Profile of Songjiagou North Underground

Songjiagou Project-Summary



- Large NI 43-101 gold in-pit gold resource with room for expansion
- In production with approvals in place to increase size of open pit within larger Mining License
- Plans for Fiscal 2022:
 - Continue building database in MineSight to assist in improving Mine Plan
 - Continued expansion of surface area of open pit from 0.34 sq kms to 0.46 sq kms
 - Continued production at the Songjiagou North Underground, at capacity of 275 tpd
 - SRK Consulting hired to update 43-101 report, including resource update, incl. Songjiagou North Underground; expected completion date: Q4 of fiscal 2022
 - Continue with reclamation work at higher levels of open pit





Songjiagou Project-Summary

Songjiagou-style Gold Deposits Among World's Largest

- Mesothermal deposits such as Songjiagou are known for their large size and depth extent
- These type deposits represent a major source of world gold production
- Western Australia's Super Pit (Barrick 50%/Newmont 50%) ranks among the largest mesothermal deposits in the world, producing at a rate of 850,000 oz per year
- Two of the largest gold producing regions in Canada (Red Lake and Hemlo) host mesothermal gold deposits that account for approximately 50 million ounces of gold production to date
- Considerable exploration potential at Songjiagou, both laterally and at depth within existing property boundaries
- Current development plan includes mining higher grade resources at depth within the existing open pit design

Mine Improvements, New Production Sources to Enhance Long Term Viability of Songjiagou

- Commercial production decision for Songjiagou based on a Preliminary Economic Assessment ("PEA")
- The mine's performance has largely met PEA expectations with respect to operating rates and recovery
 estimates for the process plant
- Songjiagou originally operated at a near breakeven basis; cost cutting initiatives implemented in YE 2017 has reduced all-in sustaining costs to under \$750/oz and has made the operation profitable.
- Revised mining and milling contracts and improved mill recoveries have also accounted in significant cost reductions
- New production sources are being evaluated that will position Majestic to capitalize on the underutilized milling capacity that is presently available at Songjiagou



Gold's Fundamentals Point to Higher Prices



- Fundamentals of physical supply and demand remain positive
- · Global mine output has plateaued with discoveries of new gold deposits at 25-year low
- The time required to bring new ore bodies into production continues to lengthen and now stands at nearly 20 years
- Physical demand continues to show steady secular growth, primarily in Asia. Consumption by Turkey, India, China, and Russia alone has exceeded global mine supply since 2013
- Shariah compliant gold standard approved in December 2016 will expand the variety and use of gold-based products in Islamic Finance
- Gold was recently incorporated as a settlement currency to facilitate trade between oil-producing nations and the world's largest hydrocarbon importer
- Uncertainty concerning economic policies of the Trump administration, the future of the Euro Zone following the UK BREXIT, and the rise of right wing political parties in France and Italy point to increased safe haven demand for gold

Chinese Demand Driving Gold Prices

- In 2013, China became the world's largest gold market officially consuming 1,132 tonnes. All of Chinese gold output is said to be consumed internally
- In 2016, China produced an estimated 490 tonnes of gold nearly 200 tonnes more than its nearest rival, Australia
- Chinese consumption is currently holding at about 1,000 tonne per year level
- China's central bank has been buying gold as part of its plan to make the yuan a more international and tradeable currency. In fact, actual consumption
 is rumored to be substantially higher than officially reported
- China's production-to-reserves ratios for gold estimated at 23.5%, reserves are depleting faster than can replaced
- Shanghai Futures Exchange launched China's crude oil futures in RMB Yuan on March 26, 2018. Oil producers and traders well sell crude oil to China and trade RMB Yuan; which can then be converted into gold



WESTERN AUSTRALIA EXPLORATION PROJECT

Four Prospective Lithium Tenements

Western Australia Exploration Project - Four Prospective Lithium Tenements



E36/918 Tenement

This tenement has been granted and consists of 2 blocks located 150 kms North of Leonora, about 50 kms north of Leinster, along the east side of the Kathleen Valley. The property is prospective for both lithium and tantalum and is underlain by the Norseman-Wiluna Greenstone Belt, within the Archaean Yilgarn Craton in Western Australia. Lithium mineralisation is hosted within spodumene-bearing pegmatites, which are part of a series of rare-metal pegmatites that formed at the edge of granite as well as within the greenstone belt in the region. Three kms to the west is Liontown Resource's Kathleen Valley project which has several mineralised pegmatites which are formed with in the structure of the greenstone belt and have been modelled at the Kathleen Valley hosted by two outcropping northwest trending pegmatite swarms.

E37/1334 Tenement

This tenement has been granted and consists of 6 blocks located west of Leonora township, 200 kms North of Kalgoorlie and 700 kms northeast of Perth, in the Goldfields region. The project is in the Yilgarn craton granites on the West side of the Wiluna-Norsman structure. Lithium mineralization is formed along the periphery of the granite, at the edge of the greenstone belt. Although there is no outcrop of pegmatite in the tenement area, gold mining in the area by Sons of Gwalia Mining encountered pegmatites in their diggings. North trending fault structures splaying off the main Wiluna-Norsman structure will be prospected for lithium rich pegmatites in a first-pass program.

Western Australia Exploration Project - Four Prospective Lithium Tenements



E63/2110 (Kumarl) Tenement

This tenement has been granted and is comprised of 10 blocks located 250 kms south of Kalgoorlie and 90 kms north of the port city of Esperance, about 700 kms east of Perth, along the Coolgardie-Esperance. The project is at the southern end of Wiluna-Norsman fault zone, along the periphery of the Yilgarn craton granites. Regionally, lithium mineralization is found in small scale pegmatite swarms along north-south trending faults, including the Buldania and Mt. Dean lithium occurrences. On this tenement, previously mapped splays off the main north-south fault zone will be prospected for lithium-bearing pegmatites.

E77/2817 (Moorine) Tenement

This tenement, has been granted and is comprised of 8 blocks located 400 kms east of Perth and 20 kms south of Southern Cross, near the Great Eastern highway. The project is located within the Yilgarn craton granites, centred on a northwest trending fault structure similar to the Mt. Holland lithium project and on strike with the Mt. Hollenton pegmatite. At the south end of this district is Galaxy Resource's Mt. Cattlin lithium deposit.



05 PART

SONGJIAGOU GOLD MINE PHOTO GALLERY

- Open Pit
- Tailing Pond
- Retaining Wall

- Process Plant
- Underground Mine
- Village Relocation

Mining Operation-Open Pit Operations





Mining Operation-Process Plant





Mining Operation-Tailing Pond





Mining Operation-Underground Mine





Mining Operation-Retaining Wall and Reclamation Work





Village Relocation-Family Placement Building













