



**MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

**FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

*(Expressed in US dollars)*

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

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**INTRODUCTION**

The following Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") dated August 27, 2025, discusses the financial condition and results of operations of Majestic Gold Corp. (TSX-V: MJS) ("Majestic" or "the Company") for the six months ended June 30, 2025. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the accompanying audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2024 (the "Financial Report").

The financial information in this MD&A is derived from the Company's consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and all dollar amounts are expressed in US dollars unless otherwise indicated.

This discussion focuses on key statistics from the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2025, and up to the date of this MD&A and pertains to known risks and uncertainties relating to the gold exploration and development and mining industry. This discussion should not be considered all-inclusive, as it excludes changes that may occur in general economic, political, and environmental conditions.

**OUR BUSINESS**

Majestic Gold Corp. is a Vancouver, Canada based gold mining company with mining operations in China as well as exploration and evaluation properties held directly in China and Canada. The Company's main business involves the acquisition, exploration, and development of mineral properties. At June 30, 2025, and at the date of this MD&A, the Company's mineral property interests and mining operations are located in China, comprising the Songjiagou Gold Project, its flagship project and the Mujin Gold Project. The Company also hold exploration properties in in China and Canada.

The Company is a TSX Venture Exchange Tier One listed mining company trading under the symbol "MJS". For further information on the Company, visit the Company's website at [www.majesticgold.com](http://www.majesticgold.com) and on SEDAR at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca).

**FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS**

***Six months ended June 30, 2025***

- **Gold production** was 15,879 ounces, a 2% decrease over the 16,207 ounces produced for the FY2024 comparative period;
- **Revenue** was \$42.7 million, a 27.1% increase over the \$33.6 million in revenue for the FY2024 comparative period;
- **Gross profit** from operations was \$22.1 million, a 22.3% increase over the \$18.1 million in gross profit for the FY2024 comparative period;
- **Net income** was \$10.1 million, a 9.3% decrease over the \$11.1 million in net income for the FY2024 comparative period;
- **Cash flow from operating activities** was \$12 million, a 3.2% increase over the \$11.6 million for the FY2024 comparative period;
- **Strong financial position** at June 30, 2025. The Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$103.5 million (FYE2024 - \$100.7 million) and working capital of \$64.1 million (FYE2024 - \$86.3 million);
- **Adjusted EBITDA** was \$22.1 million, compared to \$18.9 million for the same period in FY2024. For EBITDA computation details, refer to pages 18-20 of the MD&A for this Non-IFRS financial measure; and
- **Total cash costs and all-in sustaining costs ("AISC")** were \$1,135 per ounce and \$1,394 per ounce, compared to \$787 per ounce and \$957 per ounce for the same period in FY2024. For AISC computation details, refer to pages 18-20 of the MD&A for this Non-IFRS financial measure.

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

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**CORPORATE DEVELOPMENTS**

On February 28, 2025, the Company, through its 70.5% indirectly owned subsidiaries, Majestic Yantai Gold Ltd. ("Majestic Yantai") and PRG Res HK 2 Limited ("PRG HK2"), acquired a 52% equity interest in Yantai Mujin Mining Co., Ltd. ("Yantai Mujin") and the Mujin Gold Project, resulting in Majestic holding a 36.66% equity interest in Yantai Mujin.

The Muping Gold Project is located in Yantai City, Shandong Province, China, approximately 28km from the Company's Songjiagou Gold Project Mine. The Muping Gold Project holds three mining licenses of gold mines: Denggezhuang Underground Gold Mine ("DGZ Mine"), the Houzhuang-Heiniutai Underground Gold Mine ("HH Mine") and the Chahe Underground Gold Mine ("CH Mine"), of which the DGZ Mine is currently in production.

The Company engaged SRK Consulting China Ltd to prepare a technical report on the Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves of the Muping Gold Project. As of June 30, 2024, the Muping Gold Project has combined Indicated and Inferred Minerals Resources of 3.9 Mt at an average gold grade of 4.76 g/t, with a cut-off grade of 1.0 g/t, including 1.4 Mt of Probable Mineral Reserve with an average gold grade of 3.6 g/t, with a cut-off grade of 1.9 g/ at the DGZ Mine.

The acquisition of the Muping Gold Project aligns with the Company's growth strategy, focusing on expanding its mineral resource base.

**OUTLOOK**

- SJG Open-Pit Mine Phase 2 of expansion program was completed during Q2 FY2025.
- For FY2025, open-pit mining operations at the SJG Mine are focused between elevations of +57 metres ASL down to -15 metres ASL, with an original forecasted production for FY2025 of approximately 1,900 kt at an average grade of 0.53 g/t. However, mining operations have been curtailed due to the implementation of a slope management program as recommended by the State Mine Safety Supervision Administration following a comprehensive safety inspection program jointly conducted by the Shandong Provincial Emergency Management Department and the Shandong Bureau of the State Mine Safety Supervision Administration. The Company will be revising its production mine plan for the remainder of FY2025. For FY2026, mining operations are planned to advance to levels between +33 metres ASL and -15 metres ASL, with current forecasted production of approximately 2,874 kt at an average grade of 0.56 g/t. Ore throughput at the mill continues to be blended with lower-grade material of 0.20 g/t to 0.30 g/t, recovered during the Phase 2 expansion work.
- On July 28, 2025, the Company announced the suspension of production of the Denggezhuang Underground Mine ("DGZ Mine"). The investigation into the incident remains ongoing. The Company estimates that the suspension-related costs incurred at the DGZ Mine amount to approximately \$512K (RMB 3.67M) from the date of suspension up to the date of this report as such, the Company does not expect DGZ Mine suspension to have a material impact on the Company's overall financial results.
- The Company's continues seeking additional property acquisitions and joint venture opportunities, in addition to other development and growth opportunities as part of its future growth strategy.

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

**SONGJIAGOU GOLD PROJECT**

**MINERAL RESERVES AND MINERAL RESOURCES UPDATE**

The Company provided a technical report titled "Qualified Person's Report for the Songjiagou Gold Project, Shandong Province, People's Republic of China" (the "**SJG Report**") dated December 14, 2023 by SRK Consulting China Ltd.

The SJG Report is available on the Company's website at [www.majesticgold.com](http://www.majesticgold.com) and [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca).

The SJG Report includes a resource estimate of Indicated and Inferred Resources, as well as possible Reserves at Songjiagou Gold Project as of June 30, 2023, which are as follows:

**Resource Estimate in the SJG Report dated June 30, 2023 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>**

Open Pit		Underground	
Indicated	Inferred	Indicated	Inferred
(0.30 g/t Au) cutoff	(0.30 g/t Au) cutoff	(0.70 g/t Au) cutoff	(0.70 g/t Au) cutoff
34.2 MT @ 1.1 g/t Au	36.7 MT @ 0.95 g/t Au	1.6 MT @ 1.38 g/t Au	3.0 MT @ 1.24 g/t Au

**Mineral Reserve Statement in the SJG Report dated June 30, 2023 <sup>(2)</sup>**

Open Pit	
Probable	22.6 MT @ 1.17 g/t Au (0.30 g/t Au cutoff )
Underground	
Probable	530,000 T @ 1.39 g/t Au (0.70 g/t Au cutoff )

(1) The resource estimate is categorized as Indicated and Inferred as defined by the CIM guidelines for reporting. Mineral resources do not demonstrate economic viability, and there is no certainty that these mineral resources will be converted into mineable reserves once economic considerations are applied. The Mineral Reserves are within the Mineral Resource and are not added to the Mineral Resource.

(2) The Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources stated above are as at June 30, 2023 and do not reflect any events subsequent to that date.

**SONGJIAGOU OPEN-PIT MINE**

The Company's principal gold mining operations are the SJG Open-Pit Mine and the SJG Underground Mine located in Shandong province, China. The Company commenced commercial gold production at the SJG Open-Pit Mine in May 2011. Majestic holds a 52.875% interest in the SJG Project, through its 70.5% owned subsidiary Persistence, which holds a 75% interest in the SJG Project, with the remaining 25% held by Yantai Dahedong Processing Co. Ltd. The Company's mining license for the SJG Open-Pit Mine is valid until May 17, 2031.

**SONGJIAGOU UNDERGROUND MINE**

The SJG Underground Mine lies immediately north of the SJG Open-Pit Mine. The area, underlain by precious metal mineralized vein structures, was converted to a five-year, 0.414 sq. km. mining license that was granted on February 18, 2016, was renewed on February 18, 2021 and is valid until February 18, 2031. The mining license area covers a continuation of the gold mineralization that is currently being developed in the adjacent SJG Open-Pit Mine. The Company commenced production at SJG Underground Mine in October 2019.

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

**MUJIN GOLD PROJECT**

**MINERAL RESERVES AND MINERAL RESOURCES UPDATE**

The Company provided a technical report titled "Independent Qualified Person's Report for the Mujin Gold Project in Shandong Province, People's Republic of China" (the "**Mujin Report**") dated June 30, 2024 by SRK Consulting China Ltd.

The Mujin Report is available on the Company's website at [www.majesticgold.com](http://www.majesticgold.com) and [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca).

The Mujin Report includes a resource estimate of Indicated and Inferred Resources as well as possible Reserves at Mujin Gold Project as of June 30, 2024 which are as follows:

**Resource Estimate in the Mujin Report dated June 30, 2024 <sup>(1)(2)(3)(4)</sup>**

Property	Category	Cut-off (g/t Au)	Ore Tonnage (kt)	Au Grade (g/t)	Au Metal (kg)	Au Metal (koz)
DGZ Mine	Indicated	1.0	1,000	6.0	6,100	200
DGZ Mine	Inferred	1.0	1,700	4.8	8,000	260
CH Mine	Indicated	1.0	300	4.3	1,300	41
CH Mine	Inferred	1.0	570	3.9	2,200	71
HH Mine	Indicated	1.0	270	2.6	690	22
HH Mine	Inferred	1.0	76	2.3	170	5.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>Indicated</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1,600</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>8,100</b>	<b>260</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>Inferred</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>2,300</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>330</b>

(1) All figures were rounded to the second significant digit to reflect the relative accuracy of the estimate.

(2) The information with regard to Mineral Resource estimates is based on information compiled by Dr Anshun Xu, Ms Yanfang Zhao and Mr Huaixiang Li, employees of SRK Consulting China Ltd. Dr Xu, FAusIMM, Ms Zhao, MAusIMM, and Mr Li, MAIG, have sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which they are undertaking to qualify as Qualified Persons as defined in the NI 43-101. Dr Xu, Ms Zhao and Mr Li consent to the reporting of this information in the form and context in which it appears.

(3) Total may not add due to rounding discrepancies.

(4) The conversion between troy ounce and gram used herein is 1 oz = 31.1035 g

**Mineral Reserve Statement in the Mujin Report dated June 30, 2024 <sup>(1)(2)(3)(4)</sup>**

Property	Category	Cut-off (g/t Au)	Ore Tonnage (kt)	Au Grade (g/t)	Au Metal (t)	Au Metal (koz)
DGZ Mine	Probable	1.9	1,300	3.8	5	161
<b>Total</b>	<b>Probable</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>1,300</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>161</b>

(1) The information relates to Mineral Reserve conversion is based on information compiled by Mr Erwei, Lu, Mr Yonggang Wu and Dr Anshun Xu, FAusIMM, employees of SRK Consulting China Ltd. Dr Xu, Mr Wu and Mr Lu have sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which Mr Wu is undertaking to qualify as Qualified Person as defined in the NI 43-101. Dr Xu and Mr Wu supervised the work of Mr Lu. Dr Xu, Mr Wu and Mr Lu consent to the reporting of this information in the form and context in which it appears.

(2) All figures are rounded to reflect the uncertainties in estimate.

(3) Total may not add due to rounding discrepancies.

(4) The Mineral Reserves are included in the Mineral Resources. They should not be added to the Mineral Resources.

**QUALIFIED PERSON**

Stephen Kenwood, President and CEO of Majestic, is the Company's qualified person under the definitions established by NI 43-101("QP") and is the non-independent QP that has read and approved the technical information contained in this MD&A.

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

**KEY PERFORMANCE DRIVERS**

There is a range of key performance drivers that are critical to the successful implementation of Majestic's strategy and the achievement of its goals. The key internal drivers are production volumes, grade, and costs. The key external driver is the market price of gold.

*Production Volumes and Costs*

For an analysis of the impact of production, grades volumes and costs for the six months ended June 30, 2025 relative to the prior-year period, refer to the "Operating Results" sections of this MD&A.

*Gold Prices*

The price of gold is the single largest factor affecting Majestic's profitability and operating cash flows. As such, the current and future financial performance of the Company is expected to be closely related to the prevailing price of gold.

For the six months ended June 30, 2025, Majestic's average realized gold price per ounce as \$2,959, compared to the London Bullion Market ("LBMA") p.m. average gold price of \$3,072 per ounce for the same period.

**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS**

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Operating results</b>				
Gold produced (ozs)	7,649	8,265	15,879	16,207
Gold realized net of smelting fees (ozs)	6,956	7,500	14,341	14,587
Gold sold (ozs)	7,309	7,622	14,288	14,923
Average realized gold price (\$/oz sold)	\$ 3,143	\$ 2,342	\$ 2,959	\$ 2,227
Total cash costs (\$/oz sold) <sup>(1)</sup>	1,271	830	1,135	787
All-in sustaining costs (\$/oz sold) <sup>(1)</sup>	1,584	993	1,394	957
<b>Financial results</b>				
Revenue	\$ 23,259,089	\$ 18,053,618	\$ 42,740,044	\$ 33,617,278
Gross profit <sup>(2)</sup>	11,741,801	9,764,514	22,072,772	18,050,531
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	11,307,015	10,257,642	22,075,532	18,890,221
Net income	3,952,872	5,948,405	10,060,666	11,089,248
Net income attributable to shareholders	1,148,585	2,894,223	4,199,279	5,534,664
Basic and diluted income per share	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01

(1) See "Additional Non-IFRS Financial Measures" on pages 18-20.

(2) "Gross profit" represents total revenues, net of cost of goods sold.

**OPERATING RESULTS**

Gold ounces produced for the six months ended June 30, 2025 were lower compared to the same period in 2024 primarily due to open-pit operations being impacted by safety inspections and slope reinforcement work occurring during the current period.

**FINANCIAL RESULTS**

Gold revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was \$42.3 million, from the sale of 14,288 ounces, at an average realized gold price of \$2,959 per ounce, compared to \$33.2 million for the FY2024 comparative period, from the sale of 14,923 ounces, at an average realized gold price of \$2,227 per ounce. The increase in gold revenue can primarily be attributed to the 32.9% increase in average realized gold sales price for the current period, and partially offset by a 4.3% decrease in gold sold.

Revenues also include sulfur sales from the SJG Gold Project of \$427,121 and the DGZ Gold Project of \$30,689 for the six months ended June 30, 2025 (FY2024 - \$388,179). The sulfur revenue is earned from the sale of sulfur recovered from gold concentrate during the smelting process

Cash costs were \$1,135 per ounce for the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$787 for the FY2024 comparative period. Production costs were \$1,446 per ounce for the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

\$1,043 per ounce for the FY2024 comparative period. The Company's average cash and production costs increased in the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the FY2024 comparative period, due mainly to an increase in resource taxes, expansion work, additional operational safety measures, as well as higher cash and production costs at the recently acquired Mujin Gold Project. Since acquiring Yantai Mujin, the Company has been focused on improving its operational performance as it integrates the Mujin project into its overall operations.

Gross profit for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was \$22.1 million, (FY2024 - \$18.1M). The increase in gross profit can be primarily attributed to the 32.9% increase in the average realized gold price in first two quarters of FY2025.

Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was \$10.1 million, (FY2024 - \$11.1M).

Net income for the current period decreased by 9.3% compared to the FY2024 comparative period can primarily be attributed to the non-cash share-based compensation expense arising from the stock option granted during Q2 FY2025.

**SJG GOLD PROJECT OPERATIONS**

*Gold Production*

(Ounces)	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Songjiagou Operations</b>				
SJG Open-Pit Mine	5,651	6,944	12,477	13,995
SJG Underground Mine	947	1,321	1,632	2,212
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,598</b>	<b>8,265</b>	<b>14,109</b>	<b>16,207</b>

Gold production was 14,109 ounces for the six months ended June 30, 2025, generated from 916,217 tonnes of ore processed with an average grade of 0.52 g/t and a 94% recovery rate, compared to 16,207 ounces produced, from 985,671 tonnes of ore processed with an average grade of 0.54 g/t and a 95% recovery rate, for the FY2024 comparative period.

Gold production has been impacted due to the recently completed Phase 2 expansion work at the SJG Open Pit resulting in lower gold grades and mining volume for the past two years as well as by the mine safety inspections and the slope management program implemented during the current period.

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

**Operating Results**

A summary of SJG Gold Project Operations for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Operating Results</b>				
<i>SJG Open-Pit Mine</i>				
Ore mined	449,124	450,905	860,928	904,356
Ore processed	435,837	467,837	882,514	944,959
Average grade (g/t)	0.44	0.49	0.48	0.49
Gold recovery rate	93%	94%	94%	94%
Gold produced (ozs)	5,651	6,944	12,477	13,995
Gold realized net of smelting fees (ozs)	5,113	6,298	11,234	12,596
<i>SJG Underground Mine</i>				
Ore mined	20,499	24,286	33,703	40,712
Ore processed	20,499	24,286	33,703	40,712
Average grade (g/t)	1.46	1.72	1.53	1.72
Gold recovery rate	98%	98%	98%	98%
Gold produced (ozs)	947	1,321	1,632	2,212
Gold realized net of smelting fees (ozs)	852	1,202	1,469	1,991
<i>Total SJG Project Operations</i>				
Ore mined	469,622	475,190	894,631	945,068
Ore processed	456,336	492,123	916,217	985,671
Average grade (g/t)	0.49	0.54	0.52	0.54
Mill recovery	94%	95%	94%	95%
Gold produced (ozs)	6,598	8,265	14,109	16,207
Gold realized net of smelting fees (ozs)	5,965	7,500	12,703	14,587

**Financial Data**

**Revenue**

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Gold</b>				
Ounces sold	6,144	7,622	12,640	14,923
Average realized price (\$/oz)	\$ 3,332	\$ 2,342	\$ 3,067	\$ 2,227
<b>Revenues</b>				
Gold	\$ 20,471,954	\$ 17,847,199	\$ 38,760,905	\$ 33,229,099
Sulphur	258,360	206,419	427,121	388,179
	\$ 20,730,314	\$ 18,053,618	\$ 39,188,026	\$ 33,617,278

Gold revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was \$38.8 million, from the sale of 12,640 ounces, at an average realized gold price of \$3,067 per ounce, compared to gold sales revenue of \$33.2 million for the FY2024 comparative period, from the sale of 14,923 ounces, at an average realized gold price of \$2,227 per ounce.



**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

**Cost of Sales**

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Ounces sold</b>	6,144	7,622	12,640	14,923
<b>Per ounce of gold sold <sup>(1)</sup></b>				
Cash costs	\$ 1,189	\$ 830	\$ 1,068	\$ 787
Production costs	1,509	1,088	1,392	1,043
<b>Cost of Goods Sold</b>				
Total cash costs	\$ 7,307,335	\$ 6,325,491	\$ 13,494,497	\$ 11,748,200
Total production costs	9,268,780	8,289,104	17,592,517	15,566,747

(1) See "Additional Non-IFRS Financial Measures" on pages 18-20.

Cash costs were \$1,068 per ounce for the six months ended June 30, 2025, (FY2024 - \$787). Production costs were \$1,392 per ounce for the six months ended June 30, 2025 (FY2024 - \$1,043).

**MUJIN GOLD PROJECT OPERATIONS**

**Gold Production**

	Three months ended June 30,	Four months ended June 30,
(Ounces)	2025	2025
<b>Mujin Mining Operations</b>		
DGZ Gold Mine	1,051	1,770
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,051</b>	<b>1,770</b>

**Operating Results**

A summary of Mujin Project Operations for the three months and four months ended June 30, 2025 is as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,	Four months ended June 30,
	2025	2025
<b>Mujin Mining Operating Results</b>		
<i>DGZ Gold Mine</i>		
Ore mined	19,913	33,427
Ore processed	25,096	38,610
Average grade (g/t)	1.39	1.47
Gold recovery rate	97%	98%
Gold produced (ozs)	1,051	1,770
Gold realized net of smelting fees (ozs)	991	1,638

**Production**

Gold produced for the four months ended June 30, 2025 was 1,770 ounces, from 38,610 tonnes of ore processed with an average grade of 1.47 g/t and a 98% recovery rate.

**Financial Data**

**Revenue**

	Three months ended June 30,	Four months ended June 30,
	2025	2025
<b>Gold</b>		
Ounces sold	1,165	1,648
Average realized price (\$/oz)	\$ 2,144	\$ 2,137
<b>Revenues</b>		
Gold	\$ 2,498,086	\$ 3,521,329
Sulphur	30,689	30,689
	\$ 2,528,775	\$ 3,552,018

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

Gold revenue for the four months ended June 30, 2025 was \$3.5 million, from the sale of 1,648 ounces, at an average realized gold price of \$2,137 per ounce.

**Cost of Sales**

	Three months ended June 30, 2025	Four months ended June 30, 2025
<b>Ounces sold</b>	1,165	1,648
<b>Per ounce of gold sold <sup>(1)</sup></b>		
Cash costs	\$ 1,704	\$ 1,652
Production costs	1,930	1,866
<b>Cost of Goods Sold</b>		
Total cash costs	\$ 1,984,597	\$ 2,722,911
Total production costs	2,248,508	3,074,755

Cash costs and production costs for the four months ended June 30, 2025 were \$1,652 and \$1,866 per ounce respectively. Since the acquisition, the Company has been focused on improving the DGZ Mines operational performance in lowering its cash cost per ounce and improving grade control of its mining operations as it integrates the mine into the Company's overall operations. Operations at the DGZ Mine have been suspended pending the completing of a safety inspection, following an incident as reported on July 28, 2025.

**General and Administrative Expenditures**

The details of the changes in the consolidated general and administrative expenses ("G&A") for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Consulting fees	\$ 64,560	\$ -	\$ 131,082	\$ 99,573
Financial advisory	43,762	4,746	48,465	22,042
Depreciation	172,282	98,196	313,481	193,053
Office and general	961,542	176,882	1,303,488	483,618
Professional fees	79,249	33,248	153,331	90,869
Research and development	534,152	284,598	942,189	542,082
Salaries, management and director fees	752,762	485,318	1,415,470	1,054,982
Shareholder communications	43,827	99,967	124,924	163,407
Travel	180,288	385,726	328,155	522,284
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 2,832,424</b>	<b>\$ 1,568,681</b>	<b>\$ 4,760,585</b>	<b>\$ 3,171,910</b>

The Company's G&A expenditures were \$4,760,585 for the six months ended June 30, 2025, an increase of 50.1% from \$3,171,910 for the FY2024 comparative period.

The significant variances for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

- Consulting fees for the six months ended June 30, 2025 were \$131,082 (FY2024 - \$99,573). Consulting fees were incurred during normal course of business activities and shareholder communication purposes;
- Financial advisory fees for the six months ended June 30, 2025 were \$48,465 (FY2024 - \$22,042). The financial advisory fees for the current period were incurred in connection to due diligence work on the Mujin Gold Project, which the Company completed a 52% equity interest acquisition on February 28, 2025;
- Office and general expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2025 were \$1,303,488 (FY2024 - \$483,618). Office and general expenses for the current period were significantly higher due to the acquisition of the Mujin Gold Project, and the consolidation of its operations into the Company financial statements as of March 1, 2025;
- Research and development expenditures for the six months ended June 30, 2025 were \$942,189 (FY2024 - \$542,082). These costs are related to the Company's initiative in developing and implementing new technologies

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

in its mining operations, with the expectation of improvement in areas of recovery rates, milling, and mining efficiencies and lowering the environmental impact of its milling and mining activities;

- Salaries, management, and director fees for the six months ended June 30, 2025 were \$1,415,470 (FY2024 - \$1,054,982). The increase in expenditures for the current period is primarily due to the additional salary expenses with the Yantai Mujin acquisition; and
- Shareholder communications for the six months ended June 30, 2025 were \$124,924 (FY2024 - \$163,407). The higher shareholder communications expenditure for the comparative period is due to additional post-IPO regulatory, reporting and filing requirements. The Company anticipates the expenses to be at this level going forward.

The remaining G&A expenses recorded in the statement of operations reflect the normal corporate business cycle. The Company strives to provide efficient and cost-effective administrative support to management's ongoing efforts to monitor production costs and increase shareholder value.

**Other Items**

The details of the changes in the consolidated finance expense for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Interest expenses and finance charges for loans	\$ 95,696	\$ 40,187	\$ 171,855	\$ 80,449
Interest expense for leases	1,810	595	2,804	1,199
Interest expense for other long-term liabilities	173,075	35,183	201,526	70,431
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	31,523	22,794	46,197	45,631
Total	\$ 302,104	\$ 98,759	\$ 422,382	\$ 197,710

The significant variances for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

Interest expenses and finance charges for the six months ended June 30, 2025 were \$422,382 (FY2024 - \$197,710 ). Interest expense was higher for the current year due to the loans assumed as part of the Yantai Mujin acquisition.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION REVIEW**

**Balance Sheet Review**

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
<b>Balance Sheet Information</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 103,457,903	\$ 100,738,547
Other current assets	8,471,234	5,118,569
Non-current assets	156,907,920	82,068,419
Total assets	\$ 268,837,057	\$ 187,925,535
Current liabilities	\$ 47,806,301	\$ 19,536,163
Non-current liabilities	42,801,465	8,670,704
Total liabilities	90,607,766	28,206,867
Total equity	178,229,291	159,718,668
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 268,837,057	\$ 187,925,535

**Assets**

**Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents increased relative to December 31, 2024, due to cash generated from its operating activities.

**Other current assets**

Other current assets consist primarily of receivables, deposits and prepaid expenses, and inventories. The increase for the current period is due to the assets acquired as part of the Yantai Mujin acquisition.

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

**Non-current assets**

Non-current assets primarily consist of reclamation deposits, goodwill, property plant and equipment, which include the Company's mineral properties, and property, plant, and equipment. The significant increase for the current period is due to the assets acquired as part of the Yantai Mujin acquisition.

**Current liabilities**

Current liabilities consist primarily of trade and other payables, loans payable and income tax payable. Current liabilities increased relative to December 31, 2024 due to the additions of liabilities and bank loans assumed as part of the Yantai Mujin acquisition.

**Non-current liabilities**

Non-current liabilities consist primarily of asset retirement obligation, deferred tax liabilities, long-term loans and other long-term obligations. The increase of the Company's long-term obligations relative to December 31, 2024 is primarily attributable to the additional long-term liabilities assumed as part of the Yantai Mujin acquisition.

**SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS**

The financial results for each of the eight most recently completed quarters are summarized below:

	June 30, 2025	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	September 30, 2024
Revenues	\$23,259,089	\$19,480,955	\$18,986,481	\$18,348,545
Net income	3,952,872	6,107,794	3,682,534	\$5,773,370
Income per share attributable to owners of the parent	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	June 30, 2024	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2023
Revenues	\$18,053,618	\$15,563,660	\$14,229,019	\$ 12,236,549
Net income	\$5,948,405	\$5,140,843	1,924,245	\$3,012,848
Income per share attributable to owners of the parent	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00

Significant variations in revenues and net income between periods for FY2025 through FY2023 are primarily due to variances in gold sales, the volatility of gold prices, and additional revenues and cost of sales attributable to the Yantai Mujin acquisition operation, as well as the current SJG expansion operations.

**LIQUIDITY AND CASH FLOW**

Majestic continues to maintain a strong financial position and liquidity. At June 30, 2025, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$103.5 million, ( December 31, 2024 - \$100.7 million).

The Company's liquidity requirements arise principally from the need for working capital to finance expansion of its mining and processing operations. The Company's principal sources of funds have been cash generated from operations, proceeds from the borrowing from various financial institutions in China, and equity financings. The Company's liquidity depends primarily on its ability to generate cash flow from its operations and to obtain external financing to meet its debt obligations as they become due, as well as the Company's future operating and capital expenditure requirements.

The Company had working capital of \$64.1 million at June 30, 2025, a decrease of \$22.2 million from working capital of \$86.3 million at December 31, 2024, of which the key components included:

- *Cash and cash equivalents*- was \$103.5 million; up \$2.7 million from the end of fiscal 2024;
- *Receivables* - was \$4.3 million, up \$2.7 million from the end of fiscal 2024;

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

- *Deposits and prepaid expenses* - was \$0.9 million, down \$0.1 million from the end of fiscal 2024;
- *Inventories* - was \$3.3 million, up \$0.8 million from the end of fiscal 2024;
- *Accounts payable and accrued liabilities* - was \$18.7 million, up \$13.3 million from the end of fiscal 2024;
- *Current portion of long-term liabilities* - was \$2.6 million, up \$1.5 million from the end of fiscal 2024;
- *Income tax payable* - was \$13.9 million, up \$0.9 million from the end of fiscal 2024; and
- *Loans payable* - was \$12.6 million, compared to \$Nil at the end of fiscal 2024.

The Company's cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities, as presented in the consolidated statements of cash flows, are summarized for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 as follows:

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024
<b>Cash Flow Information</b>		
Net cash provided from operating activities	\$ 11,975,817	\$ 11,602,687
Net cash used for investing activities	(5,582,589)	(4,768,796)
Net cash used for financing activities	(4,292,966)	(88,529)
Effect of foreign exchange on cash	619,094	(784,070)
Net increase in cash	\$ 2,719,356	\$ 5,961,292
Cash, beginning	100,738,547	97,971,465
Cash, ending	\$ 103,457,903	\$ 103,932,757

Majestic began fiscal 2025, with \$100.7 million in cash and cash equivalents. During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company generated \$12 million from the Company's operating activities, net of working capital changes, expended \$5.6 million in net investing activities and \$4.3 million in net financing activities, and had a foreign exchange gain of \$619,094, to end at June 30, 2025 with \$103.5 million in cash and cash equivalents.

**Operating Activities**

For the six months ended June 30, 2025, the increase in cash generated from operating activities over the comparative period in FY2024 was primarily due to higher average realized gold price and additional gold sales from the Mujin Gold Project.

The cash generated by operations is highly dependent on gold price, as well as other factors, including grade and production volumes.

**Investing Activities**

Cash used for investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2025, increased compared to the comparative period in FY2024 due primarily to the acquisition costs for the Yantai Mujin as well as cost for the ongoing SJG Open-Pit expansion.

**Financing Activities**

For the six months ended June 30, 2025, cash expended on financing activities was \$4.3 million.

Management considers its operating cash flows to be sufficient for the next twelve months to meet its planned development, operational activities, and its current outstanding debts. The Company has been achieving consistent profits from its operations and expects growth through increased production under the expanded mining permit and following the completion of the SJG Open-Pit expansion as well as through its recent acquisition of the Mujin Gold Project.

As at the date of this MD&A, other than as described herein and in the Financial Report, the Company has no other arrangements for sources of financing.

In management's view, given the nature of the Company's operations, which consists of exploration, mining and evaluation of mining properties, the most relevant financial information relates primarily to current liquidity, solvency,

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

and planned property expenditures. The Company's financial success will be dependent upon the extent to which it can discover mineralization and the economic viability of developing its properties. Such development may take years to complete and the amount of resulting income, if any, is difficult to determine. The sales value of any minerals discovered by the Company is largely dependent upon factors beyond the Company's control, including the market value of the metals to be produced.

**OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA AS AT THE DATE OF THIS MD&A**

Authorized: an unlimited number of common shares without par value.	Common shares issued and outstanding	Stock options
Outstanding at June 30, 2025 and at the date of this MD&A	1,042,664,381	26,500,000

**TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES**

**Related party transactions**

The Company incurred the following related party transactions during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Consulting fees charged by companies controlled by directors and officers of the Company - include key management personnel compensation	\$ 230,634	\$ 241,360	\$ 461,677	\$ 496,491
Stock-based compensation	748,303	-	748,303	-
	\$ 978,937	\$ 241,360	\$ 1,209,980	\$ 496,491

**Compensation of key management personnel**

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel, which are included in the amounts disclosed above, were as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Salaries and management fees	\$ 223,324	\$ 224,387	\$ 447,049	\$ 462,537
Director fees	47,098	36,069	94,212	70,637
Stock-based compensation	1,340,458	-	1,340,458	-
Total	\$ 1,610,880	\$ 260,456	\$ 1,881,719	\$ 533,174

Key management included the Company's directors, executive officers, and senior management. These transactions occurred in the normal course of operations and are measured at their exchange amounts, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the parties.

**NEW STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS ISSUED BUT NOT YET APPLIED**

More detail on these new standards, interpretations, and amendments and future IFRS pronouncements are provided in Note 3 of the Company's Financial Report.

**COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES**

Commitments and contingencies include principal and interest payments of Company's bank loans, expenditure commitments on its mineral properties, and future aggregate minimum operating lease payments required under the operating leases as described in the Notes 14, 15, 16 and 17 to the Financial Report.

**OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

The Company from time to time enters into various off-balance sheet arrangements in the ordinary course of business. At June 30, 2025, the Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.



## **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT**

### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets are recognized at fair value and are subsequently classified and measured at: (i) amortized cost; (ii) fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"); or (iii) fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). The classification of financial assets is generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. A financial asset is measured at fair value net of transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition except for financial assets at FVTPL where transaction costs are expensed. All financial assets not classified and measured at amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. Equity instrument that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. The Company classifies its cash and cash equivalents, receivables, restricted cash, and reclamation deposits at amortized cost.

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire, or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all of the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

### Impairment of financial assets

IFRS 9 uses the expected credit loss ("ECL") model. The credit loss model groups receivables based on similar credit risk characteristics and days past due in order to estimate bad debts. The ECL model applies to the Company's receivables.

An 'expected credit loss' impairment model applies which requires a loss allowance to be recognized based on expected credit losses. The estimated present value of future cash flows associated with the asset is determined and an impairment loss is recognized for the difference between this amount and the carrying amount as follows: the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to estimated present value of the future cash flows associated with the asset, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, either directly or through the use of an allowance account and the resulting loss is recognized in profit or loss for the period.

In a subsequent period, if the amount of the impairment loss related to financial assets measured at amortized cost decreases, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed, but not exceeding what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are designated as either: (i) fair value through profit or loss; or (ii) amortized cost. All financial liabilities are classified and subsequently measured at amortized cost except for financial liabilities at FVTPL. The classification determines the method by which the financial liabilities are carried on the statement of financial position subsequent to inception and how changes in value are recorded. The Company classifies its accounts payable, loans payable, security for financial guarantee and other long-term liabilities at amortized cost.

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when the terms of the liability are modified such that the terms and / or cash flows of the modified instrument are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

Gains and losses on derecognition are generally recognized in profit or loss.

### Fair value

The Company provides disclosures that enable users to evaluate (a) the significance of financial instruments for the entity's financial position and performance; and (b) the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments to which the entity is exposed during the period and at the date of the statement of financial position, and how the entity manages these risks.

The Company provides information about its financial instruments measured at fair value at one of three levels according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair value:

Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e.: as prices) or indirectly (i.e.: derived from prices); and

Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Financial assets	Level	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Cash	1	\$ 103,457,903	\$ 100,738,547
Reclamation deposits	1	4,853,825	2,909,043
Investments <sup>(2)</sup>	1	503,938	173,750
Receivables <sup>(1)</sup>	2	4,253,900	1,567,003
Other long-term assets	2	2,782,246	36,882
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$ 115,851,812</b>	<b>\$ 105,425,225</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Receivables exclude sales and income tax receivables.

<sup>(2)</sup> Investments transferred to Level 1 from Level 3 as the investments commenced trading on an active market with quoted prices

Financial liabilities	Level	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2	\$ 18,656,463	\$ 5,356,875
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	2	24,411,198	-
Other long-term liabilities	2	14,438,751	3,592,794
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$ 57,506,412</b>	<b>\$ 8,949,669</b>

## **Risk Management**

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash and cash equivalents and reclamation deposits held in bank accounts. The majority of cash and cash equivalents are deposited in bank accounts held with major banks in Canada, Hong Kong and China. The credit risk associated with cash and cash equivalents held in Canada is reduced by management ensuring that the Company uses a major Canadian financial institution with strong investment grade ratings by a primary ratings agency. The credit risk associated with cash and cash equivalents held in Hong Kong and China is reduced, but not fully mitigated, by management using financial institutions that are operated by the Government of China.

### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company plans to ensure that there is sufficient capital in order to meet short-term business requirements, after taking into account the Company's holdings of cash. The Company's cash is invested in interest-bearing accounts which are available on demand. Management believes the Company has sufficient cash on hand to finance operations for the next twelve months. The Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities are generally due on demand. The maturity of the Company's loans are disclosed in Note 14 and 16 of the Financial Report.

The following summarizes the undiscounted amount of the remaining contractual maturities of the Company's financial liabilities:

	June 30, 2025				December 31, 2024	
	Within a year	2-5 years	Over five years	Total	Total	Total
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 18,656,463	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,656,463	\$ 5,356,875	
Loans	12,586,260	8,796,413	3,028,525	24,411,198	-	
Other long-term liabilities	2,698,957	8,015,835	5,734,996	16,449,789	3,953,688	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 33,941,680</b>	<b>\$ 16,812,248</b>	<b>\$ 8,763,521</b>	<b>\$ 59,517,450</b>	<b>\$ 9,310,563</b>	



**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

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**Industry Risk**

The Company is a mining company with its properties and mining operations in China. Its mining activities involve numerous inherent risks. The Company is subject to various financial, equities markets, operational and political risks that could significantly affect its operations and cash flows. These risks include changes in local laws affecting the mining industry, a decline in the price of commodities, uncertainties inherent in estimating mineral resources and fluctuations in the foreign currencies against the US dollar. The Company does not use derivatives or hedging to mitigate the risk of changes in the price of gold or currency fluctuations.

The Company's business is highly dependent on the price of gold and venture capital markets, which are impacted by volatility factors the Company cannot control. A decrease in the price of gold could adversely affect the Company's financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Lower gold prices may result in asset impairment, write-downs of mineral property carrying values and limitations in access to capital.

The Company operates in China and is exposed to the laws governing the mining industry in China. The Chinese government is currently supportive of the mining industry but there is uncertainty in future changes to government policies and regulations including taxation, repatriation of profits, restrictions on production, export controls, environmental compliance, and expropriation. These factors could adversely affect the Company's exploration efforts and production plans.

The Company's property is located in an area that can experience severe winter weather conditions which could adversely affect mining operations. In addition, the Company is subject to changes in environmental laws and regulations that may result in unexpected costs.

**Market Risk**

The significant market risks to which the Company is exposed are interest rate risk, currency risk and other commodity price risk. These are discussed further below:

**Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The Company's cash and cash equivalents consists of cash and short-term investments and reclamation deposits held in bank accounts that earn interest at variable interest rates. The Company's loans payable accrues interest at fixed rates. Due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments, fluctuations in market rates do not have a significant impact on the estimated fair value as of June 30, 2025.

**Currency Risk**

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to currency risk to the extent expenditures incurred or funds received and balances maintained by the Company are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the entity completing the transaction or holding the funds. The Company does not manage currency risks through hedging or other currency-based derivatives. The Company and its subsidiaries do not have significant transactions or hold significant cash denominated in currencies other than their functional currencies. Therefore, this risk is considered minimal.

**DIRECTORS**

Certain directors of the Company are also directors, officers and/or shareholders of other companies that are similarly engaged in the business of acquiring, developing, and exploring mineral properties. Such associations may give rise to conflicts of interest from time to time. The directors of the Company are required to act in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Company and to disclose any interest, which they may have, in any project opportunity of the Company. If a conflict of interest arises at a meeting of the board of directors, any directors in a conflict will disclose their interests and abstain from voting in such matters. In determining whether or not the Company will participate in any project or opportunity, the directors will primarily consider the degree of risk to which the Company may be exposed and its financial position at the time.

**MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

The Company's financial statements and the other financial information included in this management report are the responsibility of the Company's management, and have been examined and approved by the Audit Committee of the

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

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Board of Directors. The financial statements were prepared by management in accordance with IFRS and include certain amounts based on management's best estimates using careful judgment. The selection of accounting principles and methods is management's responsibility.

Management recognizes its responsibility for conducting the Company's affairs in a manner to comply with the requirements of applicable laws and established financial standards and principles, and for maintaining proper standards of conduct in its activities.

The Board of Directors supervises the financial statements and other financial information through its audit committee, which is comprised of a majority of independent directors.

## **RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

Risks and uncertainties information concerning risks specific to the Company and its industry, which are required to be included in this MD&A are incorporated by reference to the Company's annual MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2024.

## **ADDITIONAL NON-IFRS FINANCIAL MEASURES**

The Company has included additional financial performance measures in this MD&A, such as cash flows from operating activities, excluding changes in non-cash working capital, adjusted EBITDA, total cash costs, total production costs and AISC. The Company reports total cash costs, production costs, and AISC on a per gold ounce sold basis. In the gold mining industry, this is a common performance measure but does not have any standardized meaning. The Company believes that, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with IFRS, certain investors use this information to evaluate the Company's performance and ability to generate cash flow. Accordingly, it is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS.

*"Cash flows from operating activities, excluding changes in non-cash working capital"* is calculated by excluding changes in non-cash working capital. The Company presents cash flows from operating activities excluding changes in non-cash working capital, as it believes that certain investors use this information to evaluate the Company's performance in comparison to other companies in the precious metals mining industry that present results on a similar basis.

*"Adjusted EBITDA"* represents earnings before interest (including non-cash accretion of financial obligations), income taxes and depreciation and depletion ("EBITDA"), adjusted to exclude impairment charges, allowance for doubtful accounts, gains or losses on asset dispositions, share-based compensation, gains/losses on financial instruments and foreign exchange gains/losses.

*"Total cash costs per ounce"* is calculated from operation's cash costs, which include resource taxes, and dividing the sum by the number of gold ounces sold. Operations cash costs include mining, milling, smelter and other direct costs.

*"Total production costs per ounce"* are calculated by adding depreciation and depletion to total cash costs and dividing the sum by the number of ounces of gold sold.

*"All-in sustaining cash costs per ounce" ("AISC")* is a performance measure that reflects the expenditures that are required to produce an ounce of gold from current operations. While there is no standardized meaning of the measure across the industry, the Company's definition is derived from the definition, as set out by the World Gold Council in its guidance dated November 16, 2018, respectively. The World Gold Council is a non-regulatory, non-profit organization established in 1987 whose members include global senior mining companies. The Company believes that this measure is useful to external users in assessing operating performance and the ability to generate free cash flow from operations. Majestic defines AISC as the sum of Total Cash Costs per ounce (as defined above) and adds the sum of G&A, share-based compensation, sustaining capital expenditures and certain exploration and evaluation costs, all divided by the number of ounces sold. As this measure seeks to reflect the full cost of gold production from current operations, new project capital is not included in the calculation of all-in sustaining costs per ounce. Additionally, certain other cash expenditures, including income tax payments and financing costs, are not included.

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

The following table provides the computation of cash flows from operating activities, excluding changes in non-cash working capital for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Cash provided from operating activities	\$ 3,197,128	\$ 10,222,541	\$ 11,975,817	\$ 11,602,687
Less:				
Changes in non-cash working capital	(2,861,639)	895,298	(5,141,877)	(3,406,362)
<b>Cash provided from operating activities, excluding changes in non-cash working capital</b>	<b>\$ 6,058,767</b>	<b>\$ 9,327,243</b>	<b>\$ 17,117,694</b>	<b>\$ 15,009,049</b>

The following table provides details of the primary components of adjusted EBITDA for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Revenue	\$ 23,259,089	\$ 18,053,618	\$ 42,740,044	\$ 33,617,278
Cost of sales, net of depreciation and depletion	(9,291,932)	(6,325,491)	(16,217,408)	(11,748,200)
G&A, net of depreciation	(2,660,142)	(1,470,485)	(4,447,104)	(2,978,857)
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 11,307,015</b>	<b>\$ 10,257,642</b>	<b>\$ 22,075,532</b>	<b>\$ 18,890,221</b>

The following table provides a reconciliation of adjusted EBITDA to the consolidated financial statements for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>\$ 3,952,872</b>	<b>\$ 5,948,405</b>	<b>\$ 10,060,666</b>	<b>\$ 11,089,248</b>
Depreciation and depletion	2,397,638	2,061,809	4,763,345	4,011,600
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	2,805	78	2,805	4,456
Finance income, net of finance expenses	(105,334)	(585,417)	(383,475)	(1,128,486)
Foreign exchange income	(75,125)	(83,572)	(50,705)	(123,496)
Other expenses	141,256	-	143,989	-
Income tax expense	3,114,170	2,916,339	5,660,174	5,036,899
Stock-based compensation	1,878,733	-	1,878,733	-
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 11,307,015</b>	<b>\$ 10,257,642</b>	<b>\$ 22,075,532</b>	<b>\$ 18,890,221</b>

The following table reconciles sustaining capital expenditures to the Company's total additions as reported in the consolidated statements of cash flows for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Additions to property, plant and equipment</b>				
SJG Project	\$ 3,576,254	\$ 3,040,582	\$ 4,343,622	\$ 4,408,072
Sustaining capital	205,583	59,528	248,261	119,493
	<b>\$ 3,781,837</b>	<b>\$ 3,100,110</b>	<b>\$ 4,591,883</b>	<b>\$ 4,527,565</b>

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

The following tables provide reconciliation to the consolidated financial statements of total cash costs per ounce, and total production costs per ounce as disclosed in this MD&A to the consolidated financial statements for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
<b>Gold sold (ozs)</b>	7,309	7,622	14,288	14,923
<b>Total cash costs per ounce</b>				
Mining and Milling fees	\$ 7,817,601	\$ 5,056,916	\$ 13,625,725	\$ 9,193,559
Smelting costs	450,391	466,507	854,602	877,285
Resource taxes	944,812	641,906	1,740,052	1,195,427
Changes in ending gold concentrate inventory	79,128	160,162	(2,971)	481,929
Total cash costs	\$ 9,291,932	\$ 6,325,491	\$ 16,217,408	\$ 11,748,200
Per ounce sold	\$ 1,271	\$ 830	\$ 1,135	\$ 787
<b>Total production costs per ounce</b>				
Total cash costs	\$ 9,291,932	\$ 6,325,491	\$ 16,217,408	\$ 11,748,200
Depreciation and depletion	2,225,356	1,963,613	4,449,864	3,818,547
Total production costs	\$ 11,517,288	\$ 8,289,104	\$ 20,667,272	\$ 15,566,747
Per ounce sold	\$ 1,576	\$ 1,088	\$ 1,446	\$ 1,043
<b>All-in sustaining costs per ounce</b>				
Total cash costs	\$ 9,291,932	\$ 6,325,491	\$ 16,217,408	\$ 11,748,200
G&A, net of depreciation, R&D and financial	2,082,228	1,181,141	3,456,450	2,414,733
Sustaining capital expenditures <sup>(1)</sup>	205,583	59,528	248,261	119,493
All-in sustaining costs	\$ 11,579,743	\$ 7,566,160	\$ 19,922,119	\$ 14,282,426
Per ounce sold	\$ 1,584	\$ 993	\$ 1,394	\$ 957

(1) Sustaining capital expenditures are defined those expenditures which do not increase annual gold ounce production and excludes certain expenditures at the Company's operations which are deemed expansionary in nature. Capital expenditures include unpaid capital expenditures incurred in the period.

**FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This MD&A contains or incorporates by reference "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation. Except for statements of historical fact relating to the Company, information contained herein constitutes forward-looking statements, including any information as to the Company's strategy, plans or future financial or operating performance. Forward-looking statements are characterized by words such as "plan", "expect", "budget", "target", "project", "intend", "believe", "anticipate", "estimate" and other similar words, or statements that certain events or conditions "may" or "will" occur. Forward-looking statements are based on the opinions, assumptions and estimates of management considered reasonable at the date the statements are made, and are inherently subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties and other known and unknown factors that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. These factors include the impact of general business and economic conditions, global liquidity and credit availability on the timing of cash flows and the values of assets and liabilities based on projected future conditions, fluctuating gold prices, currency exchange rates, possible variations in ore grade or recovery rates, changes in accounting policies, changes in the Company's corporate resources, changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined, changes in project development, construction, production and commissioning time frames, risk related to joint venture operations, the possibility of project cost overruns or unanticipated costs and expenses, higher prices for fuel, steel, power, labor and other consumables contributing to higher costs and general risks of the mining industry, failure of plant, equipment or processes to operate as anticipated, unexpected changes in mine life, unanticipated results of future studies, seasonality and unanticipated weather changes, costs and timing of the development of new deposits, success of exploration activities, permitting time lines, government regulation of mining operations, environmental risks, unanticipated reclamation expenses, title disputes or claims, limitations on insurance coverage and timing and possible outcome of pending litigation and labour disputes, as well as those risk factors discussed or referred to in the Company's Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2024, filed with the applicable securities regulatory authorities and available at SEDAR

**Majestic Gold Corp.**  
**Management's Discussion and Analysis**  
**For The Six Months Ended June 30, 2025**

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www.sedarplus.ca. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events, or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results not to be anticipated, estimated, or intended. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. The Company undertakes no obligation to update forward-looking statements if circumstances or management's estimates, assumptions or opinions should change, except as required by applicable law. The reader is cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The forward-looking information contained herein is presented for the purpose of assisting investors in understanding the Company's expected financial and operational performance and results as at and for the periods ended on the dates presented in the Company's plans and objectives, and may not be appropriate for other purposes.